

Similarities and Differences of Turkic Languages

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In this article we will study the similarities and differences of Turkic languages those are Turkish, Azeri, Turkmen, Uzbek, Uighur, Kazakh and Tatar. In this context, the alphabets, phonology, morphology and syntax of Turkic language will be shown.

The fundamental and common features of Turkic languages are:

- Vowel harmony,
- The absence of gender,
- Agglutination,
- Adjectives precede nouns,
- Verbs come at the end of the sentence.

1. Phonology and Alphabet

The oldest alphabet of Turks known Gokturk alphabet. We can see this alphabet on the monuments of Orhon, Yenisev and Talas which are presently in Mongolia. These monuments were erected in 8th century. After the waning of the Gokturk state, the Uighurs produced a new alphabet named Uighur. By the time Turks adopt Arabic, Krill and Latin alphabets depends on religious or political reason. In the Table-1, current situation is depicted.

As far as phonology is concern we can see that Turkic languages have reach vowels. The number of vowel is about 8 to 14 (some of them are presented by an accent). The position of vowel of Turkish language is shown on vowel quadrilateral, in Figure-1; the red letters are Turkish [1]. In Table-2, Turkish vowel is shown from different viewpoints.

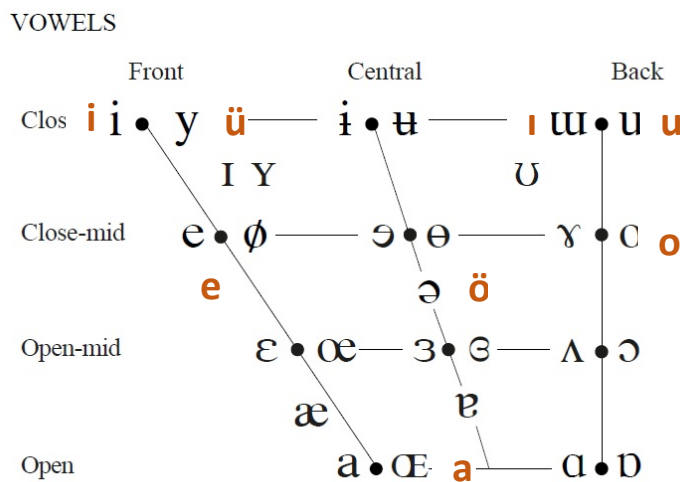


Figure 1: Turkish letters on vowel quadrilateral

As we can see on Table-1, some nation use Latin (La) based alphabet some use Kril (Kr) and one of them use Arabic (Ar) alphabet. In order to make understandable, we will give all examples by Latin equilevent characters.

Table 1: The Alphabet of Turkic Language, today

Turkish		Turkmen		Azeri		Uzbek		Uighur			Kazakh				Tatar				IPA
La	La	La	La	La	La	La	La	La	La	Ar	La	La	Kr	Kr	La	La	Kr	Kr	
A	a	A	a	A	a	A	a	A	A	ا	A	a	A	a	A	a	A	a	/a/
		Ä	ä	E	e			Ė	ë	ه	Ä	Ä	Ә	ә	Ä	ä	Ә	ә	/æ/
B	b	B	b	B	b	B	b	B	B	ب	B	B	Б	б	B	b	Б	б	/b/
C	c	J	j	C	c	J	j	J	J	ج					C	c	Дж	дж	/dʒ/
Ç	ç	Ç	ç	Ç	ç	Ch	ch	Ch	Ch	چ	Ç	Ç	Ч	ч	Ç	ç	Ч	ч	/tʃ/
D	d	D	d	D	d	D	d	D	D	د	D	D	Д	д	D	d	Д	д	/d/
E	e	E	e	Ə	ə	E	e	E	E	ه	E	e	E	e	E	e	E	e	/e/, /æ/
				E	e						É	é	Э	э					/e/
											Yo	yo	Ё	ё	Yo	yo	Ё	ё	/jo/
F	f	F	F	F	f	F	f	F	F	ف	F	f	Ф	ф	F	f	Ф	ф	/f/
G	g	G	G	G	g	G	g	G	G	گ	G	g	Г	г	G	g	Г	г	/g/, /ʒ/
Ğ	ğ			Ğ	ğ	G'	g'	Gh	Gh	غ	Ğ	ğ	Ғ	ғ	Ğ	ğ	Г	г	/u/
H	h	H	H	H	h	H	h	H	H	ه	H	h	Һ	һ	H	h	Һ	һ	/h/
				X	x	X	X	X	X	خ	X	x	Х	х	X	x	Х	х	/x/
I	ı	Y	y	I	ı						I	ı	Ы	ы	I	ı	Ы	ы	/w/
i	i	İ	İ	İ	i	i	i	i	i	ه	İ	İ	И	и	i	i	И	и	/i/
J	j	Ž	ž	J	j			Zh	Zh	ژ	J	j	Ж	ж	J	j	Ж	ж	/ʒ/
K	k	K	k	K	k	K	K	K	K	ك	K	k	К	к	K	k	К	к	/k/, /c/
L	l	L	l	L	l	L	L	L	l	ل	L	l	Л	л	L	l	Л	л	/t/, /l/
M	m	M	m	M	m	M	M	M	m	م	M	m	М	м	M	m	М	м	/m/
N	n	N	n	N	n	N	N	N	n	ن	N	n	Н	н	N	n	Н	н	/n/, /ŋ/
		Ñ	ñ			Ng	ng	Ng	ng	ڭ	Ñ	ñ	Ң	ң	Ñ	ñ	Ң	ң	Nasal n
O	o	O	o	O	o	O	O	O	o	و	O	o	О	о	O	o	О	о	/o/
Ö	ö	Ö	ö	Ö	ö	O'	o'	Ö	ö	و	Ö	ö	Ө	ө	Ö	ö	Ө	ө	/œ/
P	p	P	p	P	p	P	P	P	p	پ	P	p	П	п	P	p	П	п	/p/
R	r	R	r	R	r	R	R	R	r	ر	R	r	Р	р	R	r	Р	р	/r/
				Q	q	Q	Q	Q	q	ق	Q	q	Қ	қ	Q	q			/q/
S	s	S	s	S	s	S	S	S	s	س	S	s	С	с	S	s	С	с	/s/
Ş	ş	Ş	ş	Ş	ş	Sh	sh	Sh	sh	ش	Ş	ş	Ш	ш	Ş	ş	Ш	ш	/ʃ/
											Şş	şş	Щ	щ	Şş	şş	Щ	щ	/tʃ/, /ʃ:/
T	t	T	t	T	t	T	T	T	t	ت	T	t	Т	т	T	t	Т	т	/t/
U	u	U	u	U	u	U	U	U	u	و	W	w	У	у	W	w	У	у	/u/
											U	u	У	у	U	u	У	у	/ʊ/
Ü	ü	Ü	ü	Ü	ü			Ü	ü	و	Ü	ü	У	ү	Ü	ü	У	ү	/y/
V	v	W	w	V	v	V	V	W	w	و	V	v	В	в	W	w	В	в	/v/
Y	y	Ý	ý	Y	y	Y	Y	Y	y	ي	Y	y	Й	й	Y	y	Й	й	/j/
Z	z	Z	z	Z	z	Z	z	Z	z	ز	Z	z	З	з	Z	z	З	з	/z/
											Yw	yw	Ю	ю	Yw	yw	Ю	ю	/ju/, /jy/
											Ya	ya	Я	я	Ya	ya	Я	я	/ja/, /ja/

Table 2: The Turkish vowels

	Front		Central	Back	
	Un-round	Round		Un-round	Round
Close	i	ü		ɪ	u
Mid	e	ö			o
Open			a		

Table-3: Vowels of Turkic Languages

Language	Number of vowels	vowels
Turkish	8	a, e, ɪ, i, o, ö, u, ü
Azeri	9	a, e, é, ɪ, i, o, ö, u, ü
Turkmen	9	a, ä, e, ɣ, i, o, ö, u, ü
Uzbek	6	a, o, o', u, e, i
Uighur	8	a, e, é, i, o, ö, u, ü
Kazakh	9	a, e, ä, ɪ, i, o, ö, u, ü
Kırgız	8	a, e, ɪ, i, o, o, u, u
Tatar	9	a, e, ä, ɪ, i, o, ö, u, ü

All Turkic languages have similar vowel harmony. The vowel and consonants harmonies of Turkish are drawn in Figure-2 and Figure-3 respectively. Almost all Turkic languages obey this vowel and consonant rules. The vowel harmony create the sound of Turkish. There are no diphthongs in Turkish. Therefore if a suffix beginning with a vowel is attached to a stem ending in a vowel, either the initial vowel of the suffix is deleted, or the consonant 'y' is added. As a result, suffixes are divided into two groups: those which can lose their initial vowel and those which can acquire the buffer consonant 'y'.

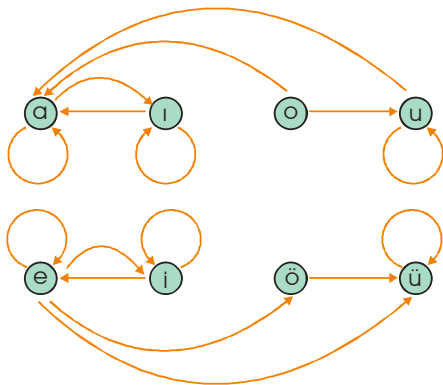


Figure 2 : Vowel harmony of Turkish

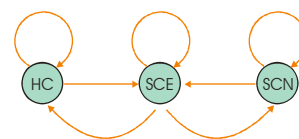


Figure 3 : Consonant harmony of Turkish

Hard consonants (HC)
 Soft consonants do not have hard equivalence consonants (SCE)
 Soft consonants have hard equivalence consonants (SCN)

2. Morphology

Turkic languages are agglutinative languages that have productive inflectional and derivational suffixes. Therefore, we will study the morphology of Turkic language in detailed; singular and plural, pronouns, cases and verbs.

2.1 Singular and Plurals

The basic plural suffixes of Turkic language are –lar. A will be either “e” or “a” depends on previous vowel due to vowel harmony. Some Turkic language have differences. The plural suffixes of Turkic languages are given in Table-4. If a numeral adjective before a noun, plural suffix will not be used. Eg;

Okul (school – singular), Okullar (schools – plural), Beş okul (Five Schools)

Table 4: Plural Suffixes of Turkic Languages

Language	Last vowel letter				Last letter r, w, y	Soft consonant				Hard consonant				Sonorant			
	e,i	ö,ü	a,ı	o,u		e,i	ö,ü	a,ı	o,u	e,i	ö,ü	a,ı	o,u	e,i	ö,ü	a,ı	o,u
Turkish	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar													
Azeri	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar													
Turkmen	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar													
Uzbek	-lar	-lar	-lar	-lar													
Kirghiz	-ler	-lör	-lar	-lor		-der	-dör	-dar	-dor	-ter	-tör	-tar	-tor				
Kazakh	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar	-lar	-der	-der	-dar	-dar	-ter	-ter	-tar	-tar				
Uighur	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar													
Tatar	-ler	-ler	-lar	-lar										-när	-när	-nar	-nar

2.2 Pronouns

The basic pronouns of Turkic languages are the same, but pronunciation varies a little bit. Essentially there are six personal pronoun; first, second and third singular and first, second and third plural. The second singular may have three forms; informal, formal and respectful. Uzbek, Kirgiz and Kazakh languages have two and Uyghur language has three forms of second plural pronoun. As can be seen, there is no gender for third singular person.

Table 5: Pronouns of Turkic Languages

	Turkish	Azeri	Turkmen	Uzbek	Kirghiz	Kazakh	Uyghur	Tatar
1. single	ben	mən	men	men	men	men	men	min
2. single (informal)	sen	sən	sen	sen	sen	sen	sen	sin
2. single (formal)	siz			siz	siz	siz	siz	
2. single (respectful)							sili	
3. single	o	O	ol	u	al	ol	u	ul
1. plural	biz	Biz	biz	biz	biz	biz	biz	bez
2. plural (informal)	siz	Siz	siz	siz	siler	sender	senler	sez
2. plural (formal)				sizlar	sizder	sizder	siler	
2. plural (respectful)							sizler	
3. plural	onlar	Onlar	olar	ular	alar	olar	ular	alar

2.3 Cases

The cases are very important in Turkic languages. They play the roles of prepositions and postpositions like *at, in, to, from* and *on, under, in, with* etc. In general, there are 5 or 6 noun case: simple case, accusative (-i), dative (-e), locative (-de), ablative (-den), genitive (-in) and instrumental (-le). When a case is added to noun, the rules of vowel

and consonant harmonies are applied and also added a buffer letter if the last letter is a vowel. All possible cases of Turkic languages are given in Table-6. [2], [8]

Table 6 : The Cases of Turkic Languages

	Last cons.	Last vow.	Turkish	Azeri	Turkmen	Uzbek	Kirghiz	Kazakh	Uyghur	Tatar		
Accusative (I)		e,i	-(y) i *	-(n) l	-(n)i	-ni	-ni	-ni	-ni	-ne		
		ö,ü	-(y) ü	-(n) ü	-(n)ü		-nü	-di	-ni	-ne		
		a,ı	-(y) ı	-(n) ı	-(n)y	-nı	-nı	-nı	-ni	-nı		
		o,u	-(y) u	-(n) u	-(n)y	-ni	-nü	-dı	-ni	-nı		
	SC							-di	-di			
								-dü	-di			
								-dı	-dı			
								-du	-dı			
	HC							-ti	-ti			
								-tü	-ti			
								-tı	-tı			
								-tu	-tı			
		e,i	-(y) e	-(y) ə	-(n) e	-ga	-ga, a-e	-ge	-ge	-gä		
		ö,ü	-(y) e	-(y) ə	-(n) e	-ga	-ge	-ge	-ge	-gä		
		a,ı	-(y) a	-(y) a	-(n) a (ñ)a	-ga	-ğa	-ğa	-ğa/-gha	-ga		
		o,u	-(y) a	-(y) a	-(n) a	-ga	-gö	-ğa	-ğa/-gha	-ga		
	HC							-ke	-ke	-ke	-ke	
								-ke	-ke	-ke	-ke	-ke
								-qa	-ka	-qa	-qa	-qa
								-qa	-kö	-qa	-qa	-qa
Locative (de)		e,i	-de	-də	-de, -nde	-da	-de	-de	-de	-dä		
		ö,ü	-de	-də	-de, -nde	-da	-de	-de	-de	-dä		
		a,ı	-da	-da	-da, -nda	-da	-da	-da	-da	-da		
		o,u	-da	-da	-da, -nda	-da	-dö	-da	-da	-da		
	HC							-ta	-te	-te	-tä	
								-te	-te	-te	-tä	
								-ta	-ta	-ta	-ta	
								-tä	-ta	-ta	-ta	
Ablative (den)		e,i	-den	-dən	-den	-dän	-dan	-den	-din	-dän		
		ö,ü	-den	-dən	-den	-dän	-den	-den	-din	-dän		
		a,ı	-dan	-dan	-dan	-dän	-don	-dan	-din	-dan		
		o,u	-dan	-dan	-dan	-dän	-dön	-dan	-din	-dan		
	HC							-tan	-ten	-tin	-tän	
								-ten	-ten	-tin	-tän	
								-tan	-tan	-tin	-tan	
								-tän	-tan	-tin	-tan	
Genitive (in)		e,i	-(n) in	-(n) in	-(n) iñ	-niñ	-nın	-niñ	-niñ	-neñ		
		ö,ü	-(n) ün	-(n) ün	-(n) üñ	-nüñ	-nün		-niñ	-neñ		
		a,ı	-(n) in	-(n) in	-(n) yñ	-nıñ	-nın	-niñ	-niñ	-nıñ		
		o,u	-(n) un	-(n) un	-(n) uñ	-nuñ	-nun		-niñ	-nıñ		
	SC							-din	-diñ			
								-dün				
								-dın	-diñ			
								-dun				
DC							-tin	-tiñ				
							-tün					
							-tın	-tiñ				
							-tun					

* (y) will be y or n

2.4 Verbs

Although Turkic languages have five basic and many sophisticated tenses, we will examine just basics tenses. Examples are given for Turkish.

- Simple (Aorist) 'Wide' Tense : *gelirim; I come, I'll come*
- Present Continuous Simple Tense : *geliyorum; I am coming*
- Future, Simple : *geleceğim; I will come*
- Past, Definite Tense (-di) (seen past tense) : *geldim; I came, I did come*
- Past Dubitative, Simple (-miş) (heard/perceived/reported past tense) : *It's said that I came*

- Present Dubitative Continuous Compound Tense : *geliyormuşum; It's said that I'm coming*
- Present Continuous, Compound Conditional Tense : *geliyorsam; If I'm coming*
- Present Dubitative Simple Compound Tense : *gelirmişim; It's said that I would come*
- Present Simple Compound Conditional Tense : *gelirsem; If I come, if I should/would come*
- Present Perfect Continuous Tense : *gelmekteyim; I have been coming*
- Past Continuous Compound Narrative Tense : *geliyordum; I was coming*
- Present Perfect Tense : *geldim; I have come*
- (Timeless) Past, Simple Compound Narrative Tense : *gelirdim; I would come, I used to come*
- Colloquial Past, Compound Narrative : *I had come, I came, I have come*
- Past Definite, Compound Conditional : *geldiysem; If I came, if I have come*
- Past Perfect, Compound Narrative : *gelmiştim; I had come*
- Past Perfect, Continuous : *gelmekteydim (gelmekte idim); I had been coming*
- Past, Dubitative Compound (a tense for sarcasm) : *gelmişmişim; It's said that I had come*
- Past Dubitative, Compound Conditional : *gelmişsem; If I have come*
- Future Continuous : *geliyor olacağım; I shall be coming*
- Future Perfect Continuous : *gelmekte olacağım; I shall have been coming*
- Future Perfect (Past in the Future) : *gelmiş olacağım; I shall/will have come*
- Future in the past : *gelecektim; I was going to come*
- Future, Dubitative Compound : *gelecekmişim; It's said that I'm going to come*
- Future, Compound Conditional : *geleceksem; If I'm going to come*

The form of a verb consists of stem (infinitive), tense and person information even though personal pronoun is missing. For example; *Geleceğim* : I will come. The structure of a verb is shown in Figure-4. According to morphological structure of Turkic language a verb composed by consecutive suffixes; stem (infinitive form of verb), tens and personal suffix. Some exception will be given related table.



Figure 4: The structure of a Turkish verb

In order to study of verb structures of Turkic languages, two verbs are taken; *gelmek* (to come, stem is *gel*) and *okumak* (to read, stem is *oku*). These two example will show us harmony of vowel harmony and consonant. The following abbreviations will be used. In order to indicate similarities and differences between languages, the similar ones are grouped in tables.

- A for a, à, e, ə

- H for ı, i, u, ü, o, u

2.4.1 Tenses

The stem of will be the same for all tenses. The basic structure of a Turkic verbs is shown in Table-8. [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8], [11]

Table-8 : The basic Structure of a Turkish verb

Stem/ infinitive	Suffix			
	Negative	Tense	Interrogative (*)	Personal (*)

(*) The position of interrogative and personal suffix may switch their position

Table-9 : Personal Suffix of verbs

	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl
TUR	-Hm	-Hn	-∅	-rHz	-sHnHz	-lAr
AZE	-Am	-sAn	-∅	-ıx, -ik, -ux, -ük	-sHnHz, SHz	-lAr
TKM	-(H)n	sHñ	-∅	-(H)s	-sHñHz	-lAr
KAZ	-mHn, -pHn	-sHñ, -sHz	-∅	-bHz, -pHz	-sHñdAr, -sHzdAr, sHz	-∅,
KIR	-mHn, -m	-sHñ	-∅	-bHz	-sHñAr	-ş
TAT	-min, -men, -m	-sin, siñ	-∅	-bHz,	-sHz	-lAr
UYG	-men	-sin	-∅	-miz	-siler	-∅, -lAr, -ş-
UZB	-män	kel-ä--säñ	-∅, -di, -ti	-miz	-siz, -lär	-∅, -lär, -(l)ş

The Examples of five basic tenses of these two verbs are in the following tables:

Simple Present Tense							
		Affir: Stem-(H)r-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-ps		Interr: Stem-(H)r mH-ps? (*)	
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
TUR	gel-ir-im	gel-ir-sin	gel-ir	gel-ir-riz	gel-ir-siniz	gel-ir-ler	gel-me-m
	oku-r-um	oku-r-sun	oku-r	oku-r-uz	oku-r-sunuz	oku-r-lar	oku-ma-m
		Affir: Stem-(H)r-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-sl		Interr: Stem-(H)r-ps mH?	
AZE	gəl-ər-əm	gəl-ər-sən	gəl-ər	gəl-ər-ik	gəl-ər-siniz	gəl-ər-lər	gəl-mər-əm
	oxu-yar-am	oxu-yar-san	oxu-yar	oxu-yar-ıq	oxu-yar-siniz	oxu-yar-lar	oxu-mar-am
TKM	gel-er-in	gel-er-siñ	gel-er	gel-er-is	gel-er-siñiz	gel-er-ler	gel-me-r-in
	oka-r-yn	oka-r-syñ	oka-r	oka-r-ys	oka-r-syñyz	oka-r-lar	oka-ma-r-syñ
KAZ	kel-er-min	kel-er-siñ kel-er-siz	kel-er	kel-er-miz	kel-er-siñder kel-er-sizder	kel-er	kel-mes-pin
	oqi-r-min	oqi-r-siñ oqi-r-siz	oqi-r	oqi-r-miz	oqi-r-siñdar oqi-r-sizdar	oqi-r	oqi-mas-pin
TAT	kil-er-men	kil-er-señ	kil-er	kil-er-bez	kil-er-sez	kil-er-lär	kil-me-men
	uki-r-min	uki-r-siñ	uki-r	uki-r-biz	uki-r-siz	uki-r-lar	uki-ma-min
		Affir: Stem-(ä,y)-ps		Neg: Stem-mäy-ps		Interr: Stem-(ä,y)-ps mH?	
UZB	kel-a-man	kel-a--san	kel-a-di	kel-a-miz	kel-a-siz	kel-a-di-lar	kel-may-man
	oqi-y-man	oqi-y-san	oqi-y-di	oqi-y-miz	oqi-y-siz	oqi-y-di-lar	oqi-may-man
KIR	kel-e-min	kel-e-sin	kel-et	kel-e-biz	kel-e-siñer	kel-i-şet	kel-bey-min
	oqu-y-mun	oqu-y-sun	oqu-y-t	oqu-y-buz	oqu-y-suñar	oqu-şat	oqu-bay-min
UYG	kél-i-men	kél-i-sen	kél-i-du	kél-i-miz	kél-i-siler	kél-i-du	kél-mey-men
	oqu-y-men	oqu-y-sen	oqu-y-du	oqu-y-miz	oqu-y-siler	oqu-y-du	oqu-may-men

(*) exception in Turkish gel-lir-ler mi?

Present Continuous Tense								
		Affir: Stem-(H)yor-ps		Neg: Stem-mH-(H)yor-ps		Interr: Stem-(H)yor-ps mH? (*)		
		1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
TUR	gel-i-yor-um	gel-i-yor-sun	gel-i-yor	gel-i-yor-uz	gel-i-yor-sunuz	gel-i-yor-lar	gel-mi-yor-um	
	oku-yor-um	oku-yor-sun	oku-yor	oku-yor-uz	oku-yor-sunuz	oku-yor-lar	oku-mu-yor-um	
AZE	gəl-ir-əm	gəl-ir-sən	gəl-ir	gəl-ir-ik	gəl-ir-siniz	gəl-ir-lər	gəl-mir-əm	
	oxu-yur-am	oxu-yur-san	oxu-yur	oxu-yur-uq	oxu-yur-sunuz	oxu-yur-lar	oxu-mur-am	
TKM	gel-ýär-in	gel-ýär-siň	gel-ýär	gel-ýär-is	gel-ýär-siňiz	gel-ýär-ler	gel-me-ýär-in	
	oka-ýar-yn	oka-ýar-syň	oka-ýar	oka-ýar-ys	oka-ýar-syňyz	oka-ýar-lar	oka-ma-ýar-yn	
		Affir: Stem-vati-ps		Neg: Stem-mAy-vati-ps		Interr: Stem-vati-ps mH?		
UYG	kel-vati-men	kel-vati-sin	kel-vati-du	kel-vati-miz	kel-vati-siler	kel-vati-du	kel-mey-vati-män	
	oqu-vati-men	oqu-vati-sen	oqu-vati-du	oqu-vati-miz	oqu-vati-siler	oqu-vati-du	oqu-may-vati-men	
		Affir: Stem-yap-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-yap-ps		Interr: Stem-yap-ps mH?		
UZB	kel-yap-man	kel-yap-san	kel-yapti	kel-yap-miz	kel-yap-siz	kel-yapti-lar	kel-ma-yap-man	
	oqi-yap-man	oqi-yap-san	oqi-yapti	oqi-yap-miz	oqi-yap-siz	oqi-yapti-lar	oqi-ma-yap-man	
		Affir: Stem-Hvde, UUdo-ps		Neg: Stem-Hvde,UUdo-emes-ps		Interr: Stem-Hvde, UUdo-ps mH?		
KIR	kel-üüdö-mün	kel-üüdö-siň	kel-üüdö	kel-üüdö-büz	kel-üüdö-süňö	kel-üüdö	kel-böödü-mün	
	oquuda-mın	oquu-da-sin	oquu-da	oquu-da-biz	oquu-da-siňar	oquu-da	oquu-baado-mun	
		Affir: Stem-(e,y)-ps		Neg: Stem-mH-ps		Interr: Stem-(e,y)-ps mH?		
TAT	kil-ä-m	kil-ä-seň	kil-ä	kil-ä-bez	kil-ä-sez	kil-ä-lär	kil-mi-m	
	uki-y-m	uki-y-siň	uki-y	uki-y-biz	uki-y-siz	uki-y-lar	uki-mi-y-m	
		Affir: Stem-(a, -e,-y, -ip,-ip,-p) otir, tur, jatir, jür, -ps		Neg: Stem -g(q)An-joq		Interr: Stem-(a, -e,-y, -ip,-ip,-p) otir, tur, jatir, jür, -ps ba?		
KAZ	kel-e jatir-min	kel-e jatir-siň	kel-e jatir	kel-e jatir-miz	kel-e jatir-siňdar kel-e jatir-sizdar	kel-e jatir	kele jat-qan joq kel-e jatir-min ba?	
	oki-p otyr-min	oki-p otyr-siň	oki-p otir	oki-p otyr-miz	oki-p otyr-sizdar oki-p otyr-sizdar	oki-p otir	oki-p otyr-gan joq? oki-p otyr-min ba?	

(*) Türkçe de istisna gel-liyor-mu yum?

Future Tense								
		Affir: Stem-(y)AcAk-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-(y)AcAk-ps		Interr: Stem-(y)AcAk-ps mH(*)		
		1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
TUR	Gel-eceğ-im	Gel-ecek-sin	gel-ecek	gel-eceğ-iz	gel-ecek-siniz	gel-ecek-ler	gel-me-yeceğ-im	
	oku-yacağ-im	oku-yacak-sin	oku-yacak	oku-yacağ-iz	oku-yacak-sınız	oku-yacak-lar	oku-ma-yacağ-im	
AZE	gəl-əcəy-əm	gəl-əcək-sən	gəl-əcək	gəl-əcəy-ik	gəl-əcək-siniz	gəl-əcək-lər	gəl-mə-yəcəy-əm	
	oxu-yacağ-am	oxu-yacak-san	oxu-yacak	oxu-yacağ-ıq	oxu-yacaq-sınız	oxu-yacaq-lar	oxu-ma-yacağ-am	
TAT	kil-äçäk-men	kil-äçäk-seň	kil-äçäk	kil-äçäk-bez	kil-äçäk-sez	kil-äçäk-ler	kil-mä-yäçäk-men	
	uki-yaçak-mın	uki-yaçak-siň	uki-yaçak	uki-yaçak-biz	uki-yaçak-siz	uki-yaçak-lar	uki-ma-yaçak-mın	
		Affir: ps-Stem-jAk		Neg: ps-Stem-jAk dääl		Interr: ps-Stem-jAk mH?		
TKM	men gel-jek	sen gel-jek-siň	ol gel-jek	biz gel-jek	siz gel-jek-siňiz	olar gel-jek-ler	men gel-jek däl	
	men oka-jak	sen oka-jak-syň	ol oka-jak	biz oka-jak	siz oka-jak-syňyz	olar oka-jak-lar	men oka-jak däl	
		Affir: Stem-(H,A)-ps		Neg: Stem-(m,p)Ay-ps		Interr: Stem-(H,A)-ps mH?		
KAZ	kel-e-min	kel-e-siň	kel-e-t	kel-e-biz	kel-e-siňer	kel-i-şet	kel-bey-siň	
	oqu-y-mun	oqu-y-suň	oqu-y-t	oqu-y-buz	oqu-y-suňar	oqu-şat	oqu-bay-siň	

KIR	kel-e-min	kel-e-siň	kel-e-t	kel-e-biz	kel-e-siňar	kel-e-şat	kel-pey-siň
	oqi-y-min	oqi-y-siň	oqi-y-t	oqi-y-biz	oqi-y-siňer	oqi-şet	oqi-pay-siň
UZB	kel-a-man	kel-a-san	kel-a-di	kel-a-miz	kel-a-siz	kel-a-dilar	kel-ma-y-man
	oqi-y-man	oqi-y-san	oqi-ydi	oqi-y-miz	oqi-y-siz	oqi-y-dilar	oqi-ma-y-man
			Affir: Stem-(H)-ps		Neg: Stem-mAy-ps		Interr: Stem-(H)-ps mH?
UYG	kél-i-men	kél-i-sen	kél-i-du	kél-i-miz	kél-i-siler	kél-i-du	kél-mey-men
	oqu-idiğan-men	oqu-ydiğan-sen	oqu-ydiğan-du	oqu-ydiğan-miz	oqu-ydiğan-siler	oqu-ydiğan	oqu-may-ydiğan-men

Past Definite Tense (-dili)							
		Affir: Stem-dH-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-dH-ps		Interr: Stem-dH-ps mH	
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
TUR	gel-di-m	gel-di-n	gel-di	gel-di-k	gel-di-niz	gel-di-ler	gel-me-di-m
	oku-du-m	oku-du-n	oku-du	oku-du-k	oku-du-nuz	oku-du-lar	oku-ma-du-m
AZE	gəl-di-m	gəl-di-n	gəl-di	gəl-di-k	gəl-di-niz	gəl-di-lər	gəl-mə-di-m
	oxu-du-m	oxu-du-n	oxu-du	oxu-du-q	oxu-du-nuz	oxu-du-lar	oxu-ma-di-m
TKM	gel-di-m	gel-di-ň	gel-di	gel-di-k	gel-di-ňiz	gel-di-ler	gel-me-di-m
	oka-dy-m	oka-dy-ň	oka-dy	oka-dy-k	oka-dy-ňyz	oka-dy-lar	oka-ma-dy-m
UZB	kel-di-m	kel-di-ng	kel-di	kel-di-k	kel-di-ngiz	kel-ishdi-lar	kel-ma-di-m
	oqi-di-m	oqi-di-ng	oqi-di	oqi-di-k	oqi-di-ngiz	oqi-shdi-lar	oqi-ma-di-m
KAZ	gel-di-m	kel-di-ň kel-di-ňiz	kel-di	kel-di-k	kel-di-ňder kel-di-ňizder	kel-di	kel-me-di-m
	oqi-di-m	oqi-di-ň oqi-di-ňiz	oqi-di	oqi-di-k	oqi-di-ňdar oqi-di-ňizdar	oqi-di	oqi-ma-di-m
KIR	kel-di-m	kel-di-ň	kel-di	kel-di-k	kel-di-ňiz(der)	kel-iş-ti	kel-be-di-m
	oqu-du-m	oqu-du-ň	oqu-du	oqu-du-k	oqu-du-ňuz(dar)	oqu-ş-tu	oqu-ba-di-m
UYG	kel-di-m	kel-di-ň	kel-di	kel-di-k	kel-di-ňlar	kel-di	kel-mi-di-m
	oqu-di-m	oqu-di-ň	oqu-di	oqu-di-q	oqu-di-ňlar	oqu-di	oqi-mi-dy-m
TAT	kil-de-m	kil-de-ň	kil-de	kil-de-k	kil-de-gez	kil-de-lär	kil-mä-de-m
	uki-di-m	uki-di-ň	uki-di	uki-di-k	uki-di-giz	uki-di-lar	uki-ma-di-m

Past Tense (-miş)							
		Affir: Stem-mHş-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-mHş-ps		Interr: Stem-mHş-ps mH	
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
TUR	gel-miş-im	gel-miş-sin	gel-miş	gel-miş-iz	gel-miş-siniz	gel-miş-ler	gel-me-miş-im
	oku-muş-um	oku-muş-un	oku-muş	oku-muş-uz	oku-muş-sunuz	oku-muş-lar	oku-ma-miş-im
AZE	gəl-miş-əm	gəl-miş-sən	gəl-miş-dir	gel-miş-ik	gəl-miş-siniz	gəl-miş-lər	gəl-mə-miş-əm
	oxu-muş-am	oxu-muş-san	oxu-muş-dur	oxu-muş-uq	oxu-muş-sunuz	oxu-muş-lar	oxu-ma-miş-am
			Affir: Stem-ip(iptir)-ps		Neg: Stem-mA(pA)-ip(iptir)-ps		Interr: Stem-ip(iptir)-ps mH
TKM	gel-ipdir-in	gel-ip-siň	gel-ipdir	gel-ipdir-is	gel-ip-siňiz	gel-ipdir-ler	gel-mä-ndir-in
	oka-pdyr-yn	oka-p-syň	oka-pdyr	oka-pdyr-ys	oka-p-syňyz	oka-pdyr-lar	oka-ma-ndyr-yn
KIR	kel-iptir-min	kel-iptir-siň	kel-iptir	kel-iptir-biz	kel-iptir-siňer	kel-işiptir	kel-be-ptir-min
	oqu-ptur-mun	oqu-ptur-suň	oqu-ptur	oqu-ptur-buz	oqu-ptur-suňar	oqu-şuptur	oqu-ba-ptir-mın
UZB	kel-ib-man	kel-ib-san	kel-ib-di	kel-ib-miz	kel-ib-siz	kel-ib-di-lar	kel-mab-man
	oqi-b-man	oqi-b-san	oqi-b-di	oqi-b-miz	oqi-b-siz	oqi-b-di-lar	oqi-mab-man
UYG	kél-ip-ti-men	kél-ip-sen	kél-ip-tu	kél-ip-siz	kél-ip-siler	kél-ip-ti	kél-me-p-ti-men
	oqu-p-ti-men	oqu-p-sen	oqu-p-tu	oqu-p-siz	oqu-p-siler	oqu-p-tu	oqu-ma-p-ti-men
KAZ	kel-ip-pin	kel-ip-siň	kel-ip-ti	kel-ip-piz	kel-ip-siňder	kel-ip-ti	kel-me-p-pin

(I)		kel-ip-siz			kel-ip-sizder		
	oqi-p-pın	oqi-p-siñ oqi-p-siz	oqi-p-tı	oqi-p-pız	oqi-p-siñdar oqi-p-sizdar	oqi-p-tı	oqi-ma-p-pın
		Affir: Stem-g(q)An-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-g(q)An-ps		Interr: Stem-g(q)An-ps mH	
TAT	kil-gän-men	kil-gän-señ	kil-gän	kil-gän-bez	kil-gän-sez	kil-gän-när	kil-mä-gän-men
	uki-gan-mın	uki-gan-siñ	uki-gan	uki-gan-bız	uki-gan-sız	uki-gan-nar	uki-ma-gan-mın
KAZ (II)	kel-gen-min	kel-gen-siñ kel-gen-siz	kel-gen	kel-gen-biz	kel-gen-siñder kel-gen-sizder	kel-gen	kel-me-gen-min
	oki-gan-mın	oki-gan-siñ oki-gan-siz	oki-gan	oki-gan-bız	oki-gan-siñdar oki-gan-sizdar	oki-gan	oki-ma-gan-mın

2.4.2 Modes of Verbs

The mode of verbs are depicted in following tables and similar languages are grouped in the tables. [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8], [11]

Conditional								
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative	Interrog.
Affirmative: Stem-sA-ps			Negative: Stem-mA-sA-ps			Interrogative: Stem-sA-ps mH?		
TUR	gel-se-m	gel-se-n	gel-se	gel-se-k	gel-se-niz	gel-se-ler	gel-me-sem	gel-sem mi?
	oku-sa-m	oku-san	oku-sa	oku-sa-k	oku-sa-nız	oku-sa-lar	oku-ma-sam	oku-sam mı?
AZE	gəl-sə-m	gəl-sə-n	gəl-sə	gəl-sək	gəl-sə-niz	gəl-sə-lər	gəl-mə-səm	gəl-səm mi?
	oxu-sa-m	oxu-san	oxu-sa	oxu-sa-q	oxu-sa-nız	oxu-sa-lar	oxu-ma-sam	oxu-sam mı?
TKM	gel-se-m	gel-se-ň	gel-se	gel-se-k	gel-se-ňiz	gel-se-ler	gel-me-sem	gel-semmi?
	oka-sa-m	oka-saň	oka-sa	oka-sa-k	oka-sa-ňiz	oka-sa-lar	oka-ma-sam	oka-sammy?
UYG	kel-se-m	kel-se-ň	kel-se	kel-se-k	kel-se-ňler	kel-se	kel-mi-sem	kel-sem mi?
	oqu-sa-m	oqu-saň	oqu-sa	oqu-sa-k	oqu-saňlar	oqu-sa	oqu-mi-sam	oqu-sam mı?
TAT	kil-sä-m	kil-sä-ň	kil-sä	kil-sä-k	kil-sä-gez	kil-sä-lär	kil-mä-säm	kil-säm-me?
	uki-sa-m	uki-saň	uki-sa	uki-sa-k	uki-sa-gız	uki-sa-lar	uki-ma-sam	uki-sam-mı?
KAZ	kel-se-m	kel-se-ň kel-se-ňiz	kel-se	kel-se-k	kel-se-ňder kel-se-ňizder	kel-se	kel-me-sem	kel-sem be?
	oqi-sa-m	oqi-sa-ň oqi-sa-ňiz	oqi-sa	oqi-sa-k	oqi-sa-ňdar oqi-sa-ňizdar	oqi-sa	oqi-ma-sam	oqi-sam ba?
KIR	kel-se-m	kel-se-ň	kel-se	kel-se-k	kel-se-ňer	kel-iş-se	kel-be-sem	kel-sembi?
	oqu-sa-m	oqu-saň	oqu-sa	oqu-sa-k	oqu-sa-ňar	oqu-ş-sa	oqi-ba-sam	oqi-sambi?
UZB	kel-sa-m	kel-sa-ng	kel-sa	kel-sa-k	kel-sa-ngiz	kel-sa-lar	kel-ma-sam	kel-sammi?
	oqi-sa-m	oqi-sang	oqi-sa	oqi-sa-k	oqi-sa-ngiz	oqi-sa-lar	oqi-ma-sam	oqi-sammi?

Obligational							
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
Affir: Stem-mAlH-ps			Neg: Stem-mA-mAlH-ps			Interr: Stem-mAlH-ps mH?	
TUR	gel-meli-yim	gel-meli-sin	gel-meli	gel-meli-yiz	gel-meli-siniz	gel-meli-ler	gel-me-meli-yim
	oku-malı-yım	oku-malı-sın	oku-malı	oku-malı-yız	oku-malı-sınız	oku-malı-lar	oku-ma-malı-yım
AZE	gəl-məli-yəm	gəl-məli-sən	gəl-məli	gəl-məli-yik	gəl-məli-siniz	gəl-məli-lər	gəl-mə-məli-yəm
	oxu-malı-yam	oxu-malı-san	oxu-malı	oxu-malı-yıq	oxu-malı-sınız	oxu-malı-lar	oxu-ma-malı-yam
		Affir: ps-Stem-mAlH		Neg: ps-Stem-mAlH dääl		Interr: ps-Stem-mAlH mH?	
TKM	men gel-meli	sen gel-meli	ol gel-meli	gel- meli	siz gel-meli	olar gel-meli	men gel-meli däl
	men oka-malı	sen oka-malı	ol oka-malı	biz oka-malı	siz oka-malı	olar oku-malı	men oka-maly däl
		Affir: Stem-e-ps kHrek		Neg: Stem-mA-ps kHrek		Interr: Stem-e-ps kHrek mH	

TAT	miña kil-ergä kiräk	siña kil-ergä kiräk	aña kil-ergä kiräk	bezgä kil-ergä kiräk	sezgä kil-ergä kiräk	alarga kil-ergä kiräk	miña kil-mäskä kiräk
	miña uki-rga kiräk	siña uki-rga kiräk	aña uki-rga kiräk	bezgä uki-rga kiräk	sezgä uki-rga kiräk	alarga uki-rga kiräk	miña uki-mäskä kiräk
		Affir: Stem-V-ps kHrek		Neg: Stem-V- ps kHrek emes		Interr: Stem-e-ps kHrek mH	
KAZ	kel-üv-im kerek	kel-üv-in kerek	kel-üvi kerek	kel-üv-imiz kerek	kel-üv-i larıñ kerek	kel-üvi kerek	kel-üv-im kerek emes
	oqi-v-im kerek	oqi-v-iñ kerek	oqi-v-i kerek	oqi-v-imiz kerek	oqi-v-larıñ kerek	oqi-v-i kerek	oqi-v-im kerek emes
KIR	kel-üü-m kerek	kel-üü-n kerek	kel-üü-sü kerek	kel-üü-büz kerek	kel-üü-ñör kerek	kel-üü-sü kerek	kel-be-ş-im kerek
	Oqu-ş-um kerek	oqu-ş-uñ kerek	Oqu-şu kerek	Oqu-şu-buz kerek	Oqu-şu-ñar kerek	oqu-şu kerek	Oqu-ba-ş-im kerek emes
UZB	kel-ish-im kerak	kel-ish-ing kerak	kel-ish-i kerak	kel-ish-imiz kerak	kel-ish-ingiz kerak	kel-ish-(lari) kerak	kel-mas-ligim kerak
	oqi-sh-im kerak	oqi-sh-ing kerak	oqi-sh-i kerak	oqi-sh-imiz kerak	oqi-sh-ingiz kerak	oqi-sh-(lari) kerak	oqi-mas-ligim kerak
UYG	kél-iş-im kérek	kél-iş-iñ kérek	kél-iş-i kérek	kél-iş-imiz kérek	kél-iş-iñ-lar kérek	kél-iş-i kérek	kél-mes-lik-im kérek
	oqu-şum kérek	oqu-şuñ kérek	oqu-şi kérek	oqu-şum-miz kérek	oqu-şuñ-lar kérek	oqu-şi kérek	oqu-mas-liq-im kérek

Imperatives							
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
	Affir: Stem-special			Neg: Stem-mA-special		Interr: Stem-special mH?	
TUR	gel-e-yim	gel	gel-sin	gel-el-imz	gel-in	gel-sin-ler	gel-me-yeyim
	oku-yayım	oku	okusun	oku-ya-lım	oku-yun	oku-sun-lar	oku-ya-yım
AZE	gəl-im	gəl	gəl-sin	gəl-ək	gəl-iniz	gəl-sin-lər	gəl-mə-səm
	oxu-y-um	oxu	oxu-sun	oxu-y-ag	oxu-yun	oxu-sun-lar	oxu-ma-yam
TKM	gel-e- ýin	gel	gel-sin	gel-e-liñ	gel-li-ñ	gel-sin-ler	gel-me- ýin
	oka- ýyn	oka	oka-syn	oka-lyñ	oka-ñ	oka-syn-lar	oka-ma- ýyn
UYG	kel-ey Kéley	Kel (-gin)	kel-sun	kel-eyli kéleyli	kel-iñlar kéliñlar	kel-sun	kel-m-ey
	oqu-y	Oqu (-ghin)	oqu-sun	oqu-yli	oqu-uñlar	oqu-sun	oqu-m-ay
TAT	kil-im	kil	kil-sen	kil-ik	kil-egez	kil-sen-när	kil-mi-m
	uki-ym	uki	uki-sin	uki-yk	uki-giz	uki-sin-nar	uki-mi-ym
KAZ	kel-e-yin	kel kel-iñiz	kel-sin	kel-e-yik	kel-iñder kel-iñizder	kel-sin	kel-me-yin
	oqi-y-in	oqi oqi-ñiz	oqi-sin	oqi-yıq	oqi-ñdar oqi-ñizdar	oqi-sin	oqi-ma-yin
KIR	kel-e-yin	kel	kel-sin	kel-e-li	kel-gile	kel-iş-sin	kel-be-yin
	oqu-y-un	oqu	oqu-sun	oqu-ylu	oqu-gula	oqu-ş-sun	oqu-ba-yın
UZB	kel-ay	kel-(gin)	kel-sin	kel-aylik	kel-inglar	kel-sinlar	kel-ma-y
	oqi-y	oqi -(gin)	oqi -sin	oqi -ylik	oqi -nglar	oqi -sinlar	oqi -ma-y

Wish							
	1Sg	2Sg	3Sg	1Pl	2Pl	3Pl	Negative
	Affir: Stem-(l,y)A-ps			Neg: Stem-mA(l,y)A-ps		Interr: Stem-(l,y)A-ps mH?	
TUR	gel-le-yim	gel-le-sin	gel-le	gel-le-lim	gel-le-siniz	gel-le-ler	gel-me-yei-yim
	oku-ya-yım	oku-ya-sin	oku-ya	oku-ya-lım	oku-ya-sınız	oku-ya-lar	oku-ma-ya-yım
AZE	gəl-im	gəl-ə-sən	gəl-sə	gəl-sək	gəl-sə-niz	gəl-ə-lər	gəl-mə-səm
	oxu-yam	oxu-ya-san	oxu-sa	oxu-saq	oxu-sa-niz	oxu-sa-lar	oxu-ma-yam
		Affir: ps-Stem-mAkçH		Neg: ps-Stem-mAkçH dääl		Interr: ps-Stem-mAkçH mH?	
TKM	men gel-mekçi	sen gel-mekçi	ol gel-mekçi	biz gel-mekçi	siz gel-mekçi	olar gel-mekçi	men gel-mekçi dääl
	men oka-makçı	sen oka-makçı	ol oka-makçı	biz oka-makçı	siz oka-makçı	olar oka-makçı	men oka-makçı dääl
		Affir: Stem-gAy-ps		Neg: Stem-mA-gAy-ps		Interr: Stem-e-ps kHrek mH	

UYG	kel-gey-men	kel-gey-sen	kel-gey	kel-gey-miz	kel-gey-siz (-ler)	kel-gey	kel-mi-gey-men
	oqu-ğay-men	oqu-ğay-sen	Oqu-ğay	oqu-ğay-miz	oqu-ğay-siz (-ler)	oqu-ğay	oqu-mi-ğay-men
KAZ (I)	kel-ğey-min	kel-ğey-siñ	kel-ğey	kel-ğey-miz	kel-ğey-siñder	kel-ğey	kel-me-ğey-min
	oqu-ğay-mın	oqu-ğay-siñ	oqu-ğay	oqu-ğay-mız	oqu-ğay-siñdar	oqu-ğay	oqu-ma-ğay-mın
UZB	kel-gäy-män	kel-gäy-sän	kel-gäy	kel-gäy-miz	kel-gäy-siz	kel-gäy-(lär)	kel-mä-gäy-män
	oqu-gäy-män	oqu-gäy-sän	oqu-gäy	oqu-gäy-miz	oqu-gäy-siz	oqu-gäy-(lär)	oqu-mä-gäy-män
		Affir: Stem-mAk-ps		Neg: Stem-mAk-ps emes		Interr: Stem-mAk-ps mH	
KIR	kel-mek-min	kel- mek –siñ	kel- mek	kel- mek-piz	kel-mek-siñer	kel- iş-mek	kel-mek emesmin
	oqu-mak-mın	oqu- mak-siñ	oqu-mak	oqu- mak-pız	oqu- mak-siñar	oqu- ş-mak	oqu-mak emesmin
		Affir: Stem-s-ps kile		Neg: Stem-me-s-ps kile		Interr: Stem-s-ps kile mH	
TAT	kil-äsem kilä	kil-äseñ kilä	kil-äse kilä	kil-äse-biz kilä	kil-äse-giz kilä	kil-äse-leri kilä	kil-me-sem kilä
	ukı-ysım kilä	ukı-ysiñ kilä	ukı-ysı kilä	ukı-äsa-biz kilä	ukı-ysi-giz kilä	ukı-sa-ları kilä	ukı-ma-sam kilä
		Affir: Stem-g(q)H-ps keldi, keledi		Neg: Stem-me-		Interr: Stem-g(q)Ay-ps mH	
KAZ (II)	Meniñ kel-gi-m keledi	Seniñ kel-gi-ñ keledi Sizdiñ kel-gi-ñiz keledi	Oniñ kel-gi-si keledi	Bizdiñ kel-gi-miz keledi	Senderdiñ kel-gi-leriñ keledi Sizderdiñ kel-gi-leriñiz keledi	Olardiñ kel-gi-leri keledi	Meniñ kel-gi-m kel-me-y-di, Meniñ kel-gi-m keledi me?
	Meniñ okı-gi-m keledi	Seniñ okı-gi-ñ keledi Sizdiñ okı-gi-ñiz keledi	Oniñ okı-gi-si keledi	Bizdiñ okı-gi-mız keledi	Senderdiñ okı-gi-lariñ keledi Sizderdiñ okı-gi-lariñiz keledi	Olardiñ okı-gi-ları keledi	Meniñ okı-gi-m kel-me-y-di, Meniñ okı-gi-m keledi me?

4. Syntax

By definition, the general word order of Turkic languages is S-O-V (subject-object-verb), therefore the verb is usually at the end of the sentence. But Turkic languages are also very flexible, in other word they have free syntax.

A general rule of Turkish word order is that the modifier precedes the modified:

- Adjective (used attributively) precedes noun;
- Adverb precedes verb;
- Object of postposition precedes postposition.

Some sentence example are given in Table-10. As seen in this table, Word order of Turkic languages are the same. [2], [8], [9], [10], [12], [13]

Table-10: Two Sentences Example of Turkic Languages

TUR	Ağır	kazan	geç	kaynar
AZE	Ağır	qazan	gec	qaynayar
TKM	Agyr	gazan	giç	gaýnar
KAZ	Awur	qazan	keş	qaynaydı
KIR	Oor	kazan	keç	kaynayt
TAT	Avır	kazan	ozak	kayniy
UYG	Eghir	qazan	waqche	qaynaydu
UZB	Teran	daryo	tinch	oqar

TUR	Dağ	dağa	kavuşmaz,	insan	insana	kavuşur
AZE	Dağ	dağa	Qovuşmaz,	insan	insana	qovuşar
TKM	Dag	daga	Duşmaz,	adama	adama	duşar
KAZ	Taw	tawğa	Qosılmas,	adam	adamğa	qosıladı

KIR	Too	too	Menen körüşpöyt,	adam	adam	Adam körüşöt
TAT	Taw	tawga	Kilmäs,	adäm	adämğä	Oçrar.
UYG	Tagh	tagh bilen	tipishalmas,	insan	Insan bilen	tipishar
UZB	Tog'ning	ko'rki	tosh bilan,	odamning	ko'rki	bosh bilan

Taw tawga kilmäs, mäğär adäm adämğä oçrar.

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